

requirements. The Florida regulations meet those requirements and are discussed below.

#### **Rule 17-252, Gasoline Vapor Recovery Stage II**

The Southeast Florida Air Quality region is designated nonattainment for ozone and classified as moderate. See 56 FR 56694 (November 6, 1991) and 57 FR 56762 (November 30, 1992), codified at 40 CFR 81.300 through 81.437. Under section 182(b)(3) of the CAA, Florida was required to submit Stage II vapor recovery rules for this area by November 15, 1992. On January 8, 1993, FDER submitted to EPA Stage II vapor recovery rules that were adopted by the State on December 9, 1992, and the rules became state effective January 21, 1993. The Florida regulation meets all EPA requirements (see proposal, December 14, 1993, 58 FR 65307). Additional information is contained in the Technical Support Document (TSD) which is available for review in the EPA Region IV office.

#### **Stage I**

The Stage I regulations have been amended to require Stage I vapor recovery at all facilities subject to the Stage II requirements in areas which are designated as a nonattainment or maintenance area for ozone under Rule 17-275, F.A.C. (Broward, Dade, Duval, Hillsborough, Palm Beach, and Pinellas Counties). The gasoline tanker truck section was also revised to require submerged filling at bulk plants and facilities required to have Stage I and II vapor recovery. These revisions are consistent with EPA policy and requirements.

#### **Final Action**

EPA is approving the above referenced revisions as meeting the requirements of section 182(b)(3) of the CAA. All of the revisions are consistent with EPA guidance.

This document makes final the action proposed at (58 FR 65307). As noted elsewhere in this document, EPA received no adverse public comment on the proposed action. As a direct result, the Regional Administrator has reclassified this action from Table 2 to Table 3 under the processing procedures established at 54 FR 2214, January 19, 1989.

This action has been classified as a Table 3 action by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the Federal Register on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214-2225), as revised by an October 4, 1993, memorandum from Michael Shapiro.

Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. A future document will inform the general public of these tables. On January 6, 1989, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) waived Table 2 and 3 SIP revisions from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12291 for 2 years. The EPA has submitted a request for a permanent waiver for Table 2 and Table 3 SIP revisions. The OMB has agreed to continue the waiver until such time as it rules on EPA's request. This request continues in effect under Executive Order 12866 which superseded Executive Order 12291 on September 30, 1993.

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. 7607(b)(1), petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by May 23, 1994. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. 7607(b)(2).)

Nothing in this action shall be construed as permitting or allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for a revision to any state implementation plan. Each request for revision to the state implementation plan shall be considered separately in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 et seq., EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small non-profit enterprises, and government entities with jurisdiction over populations of less than 50,000.

SIP approvals under section 110 and subchapter I, part D of the CAA do not create any new requirements, but simply approve requirements that the State is already imposing. Therefore, the Federal SIP approval does not impose any new requirements. I certify that it does not have a significant impact on any small entities affected. Moreover, due to the nature of the Federal-state relationship under the CAA, preparation

of a regulatory flexibility analysis would constitute Federal inquiry into the economic reasonableness of state actions. The CAA forbids EPA to base its actions concerning SIPs on such grounds.

*Union Electric Co. v. U.S. E.P.A.*, 427 U.S. 245, 256-56 (S.Ct. 1976); 42 U.S.C. 7410(a)(2).

#### **List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52**

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Nitrogen dioxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: March 8, 1994.

Donald J. Guinard,  
Acting Regional Administrator.

Part 52, title 40, chapter I of the Code of Federal Regulations, is amended as follows:

#### **PART 52—[AMENDED]**

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

#### **Subpart K—Florida**

2. Section 52.520 is amended by adding paragraph (c)(79) to read as follows:

#### **§ 52.520 Identification of plan**

(c) (79) Revisions to the F.A.C. Chapter 17-252 which were submitted by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection on January 8, 1993. The submittal revised the regulations for vapor recovery.

(i) Incorporation by reference:

(A) Revision to F.A.C. 17-252 which was effective on February 2, 1993; 17-252.100; 17-252.200(2-12); 17-252.300; 17-252.400; 17-252.500; 17-252.800; 17-252.900.

(ii) Other material:

(A) Letter of January 8, 1993, from the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation.

[FR Doc. 94-6976 Filed 3-23-94; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### **40 CFR Part 52**

[AK-4-2-6299, FRL-4850-3]

#### **Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plans: Alaska**

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** EPA is approving the State Implementation Plan (SIP) submitted by the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) for the purpose of bringing about the attainment of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers ( $PM_{10}$ ). The SIP revision was submitted to EPA by ADEC on June 22, 1993 to satisfy certain Federal Clean Air Act requirements for an approvable moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment area SIP for Mendenhall Valley, Alaska. EPA is also approving the contingency measures submitted by the state of Alaska for the Mendenhall Valley and Eagle River moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas. This action to approve this plan has the effect of making requirements adopted by the ADEC federally enforceable by EPA.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** April 25, 1994.

**ADDRESSES:** Copies of the materials submitted to EPA may be examined during normal business hours at: Environmental Protection Agency, Air Programs Branch, Docket # AK-4-1-6027, 1200 Sixth Avenue, AT-082, Seattle, Washington 98101; Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, 410 Willoughby, suite 105, Juneau, Alaska 99801-1793.

Documents which are incorporated by reference are available for public inspection at Environmental Protection Agency, Air and Radiation, Docket and Information Center, 6102-401 M Street SW, Washington, DC 20460, as well as the above addresses.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Christi Lee, Air and Radiation Branch (AT-082), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98101, (206) 553-1814.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Background

The Mendenhall Valley, Alaska area was designated nonattainment for  $PM_{10}$  and classified as moderate under sections 107(d)(4)(B) and 188(a) of the Clean Air Act, upon enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. See 56 FR 56694 (November 6, 1991).

The air quality planning requirements for moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas are set out in subparts 1 and 4 of part D, title I of the Act.<sup>1</sup> EPA has issued a

"General Preamble" describing EPA's preliminary views on how EPA intends to review SIPs and SIP revisions submitted under title I of the Act, including those state submittals containing moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment area SIP requirements. See generally 57 FR 13498 (April 16, 1992); see also 57 FR 13543 (April 28, 1992).

On December 22, 1993 EPA announced its proposed approval of the moderate nonattainment area  $PM_{10}$  SIP for Mendenhall Valley, Alaska and the contingency measures submitted for Mendenhall Valley and Eagle River, Alaska (58 FR 13572-13575). In that rulemaking action, EPA described its interpretations of title I and its rationale for proposing to approve the  $PM_{10}$  SIP revisions, taking into consideration the specific factual issues presented.

Those states containing initial moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas (those areas designated nonattainment under section 107(d)(4)(B)) were required to submit, among other things, the following provisions by November 15, 1991:

1. Provisions to assure that reasonably available control measures (RACM) (including such reductions in emissions from existing sources in the area as may be obtained through the adoption, at a minimum, of reasonably available control technology (RACT)) shall be implemented no later than December 10, 1993;

2. Either a demonstration (including air quality modeling) that the plan will provide for attainment as expeditiously as practicable but no later than December 31, 1994, or a demonstration that attainment by that date is impracticable;

3. Quantitative milestones which are to be achieved every three years and which demonstrate reasonable further progress (RFP) toward attainment by December 31, 1994; and,

4. Provisions to assure that the control requirements applicable to major stationary sources of  $PM_{10}$  also apply to major stationary sources of  $PM_{10}$  precursors except where the Administrator determines that such sources do not contribute significantly to  $PM_{10}$  levels which exceed the NAAQS in the area. See sections 172(c), 188, and 189 of the Act.

Some provisions were due at a later date. States with initial moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas were required to

submit contingency measures by November 15, 1993 which became effective without further action by the state or EPA, upon a determination by EPA that the area has failed to achieve RFP or to attain the  $PM_{10}$  NAAQS by the applicable statutory deadline (see section 172(c)(9) and 57 FR 13543-13544).

#### II. Response To Comments

EPA received no comments on its December 22, 1993 (58 FR 67754-67759) Federal Register proposal to approve the Mendenhall Valley moderate nonattainment area  $PM_{10}$  SIP and contingency measures for Mendenhall Valley and Eagle River as revisions.

#### III. This Action

Section 110(k) of the Act sets out provisions governing EPA's review and processing of SIP submittals (see 57 FR 13565-13566). In this action, EPA is approving the plan submitted to EPA on June 22, 1993 which contains the Mendenhall Valley contingency measures, and the Eagle River  $PM_{10}$  contingency measures submitted to EPA on January 12, 1992. EPA has determined that the submittals meet all of the applicable requirements of the Act. Among other things, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation has demonstrated the Mendenhall Valley moderate  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment area will attain the  $PM_{10}$  NAAQS by December 31, 1994.

#### IV. Administrative Review

This action has been classified as Table 3 action by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the Federal Register on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214-2225), as revised by an October 4, 1993 memorandum from Michael H. Shapiro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. A future document will inform the general public of these tables. On January 6, 1989 the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) waived Table 2 and Table 3 SIP revisions (54 FR 2222) from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12291 for two years. The EPA has submitted a request for a permanent waiver for Table 2 and Table 3 SIP revisions. The OMB has agreed to continue the waiver until such time as it rules on EPA's request. This request continues in effect under Executive Order 12866 which superseded Executive Order 12291 on September 30, 1993.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting or allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for revision to any state SIP.

<sup>1</sup> The 1990 Amendments to the Clean Air Act made significant changes to the Act. See Public Law No. 101-549, 104 Stat. 2393. References herein are to the Clean Air Act, as amended ("the Act"). The Clean Air Act is codified, as amended, in the U.S. Code at 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq.

<sup>2</sup> Subpart 1 contains provisions applicable to nonattainment areas generally and subpart 4

contains provisions specifically applicable to  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas. At times, subpart 1 and subpart 4 overlap or conflict, EPA has attempted to clarify the relationship among these provisions in the "General Preamble" and, as appropriate, in the action and supporting information.

implementation plan. Each request for revision to the state implementation plan shall be considered separately in light of specific technical, economic and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit May 23, 1994. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. [See section 307(b)(2)] [See 42 U.S.C. 7607 (b)(2)]

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: March 3, 1994.

Gerald A. Emerson,

*Acting Regional Administrator.*

NOTE: Incorporation by reference of the Implementation Plan for the State of Alaska was approved by the Director of the Office of Federal Register on July 1, 1982.

Part 52, title 40, chapter I of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

#### Subpart C—Alaska

2. Section 52.70 is amended by adding paragraph (c) (18) to read as follows:

##### § 52.70 Identification of plan.

\* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(18) On June 22, 1993 the Governor of the State of Alaska submitted revised rules to satisfy certain Federal Clean Air Act requirements for an approvable moderate PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment area SIP for Mendenhall Valley, Alaska. Also included in this SIP were PM<sub>10</sub> contingency measures for the Mendenhall Valley. On January 21, 1992 a supplement to the existing Eagle River

PM<sub>10</sub> control plan was submitted by ADEC to EPA and certified on March 8, 1993 by the Lieutenant Governor of Alaska.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) June 22, 1993 letter from the Governor of the State of Alaska to EPA, Region 10, submitting the moderate PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment area SIP for Mendenhall Valley, Alaska.

(B) The Control Plan for Mendenhall Valley of Juneau, effective July 8, 1993.

(C) August 25, 1993 letter from ADEC showing, through enclosures, the permanent filing record for the supplement to the existing Eagle River PM<sub>10</sub> control plan. The Lieutenant Governor certified the supplement on March 8, 1993.

(D) The January 21, 1992 supplement to the existing Eagle River PM<sub>10</sub> control plan, effective April 7, 1993. Also included is an August 27, 1991 Municipality of Anchorage memorandum listing the 1991 capital improvement project priorities and an October 11, 1991 Municipality of Anchorage memorandum summarizing the supplement to the existing PM<sub>10</sub> control plan.

[FR Doc. 94-6975 Filed 3-23-94; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

#### 40 CFR Part 52

[OP-28-1-5828; FRL-4850-4]

#### Approval and Promulgation of Emission Statement Implementation Plan for Oregon

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is announcing full approval of Oregon's state implementation plan (SIP) submitted for the purpose of implementing an emission statement program for stationary sources within the Portland ozone nonattainment area. The implementation plan was submitted by the state to satisfy the Federal requirements for an emission statement program as part of the SIP for Oregon.

DATES: This final rule will be effective on May 23, 1994 unless notice is received by April 25, 1994 that someone wishes to submit adverse or critical comments. If the effective date is delayed, timely notice will be published in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to: Montel Livingston, SIP Manager, Air and Radiation Branch (AT-082), Environmental Protection Agency,

1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98101.

Documents which are incorporated by reference are available for public inspection at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 "M" Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460. Copies of material submitted to EPA may be examined during normal business hours at the following locations: Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10, Air and Radiation Branch, [Docket # OR 28-1-5828] 1200 Sixth Avenue (AT-082), Seattle, Washington 98101, and the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, 811 SW. Sixth Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97204-1390.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christi Lee, Air and Radiation Branch (AT-082), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98101, (206) 533-1814.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Background

The air quality planning and state implementation plan (SIP) requirements for ozone nonattainment and transport areas are set out in subparts I and II of part D of title I of the Clean Air Act, as amended by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAA or "the Act").

EPA has also issued a draft guidance document describing the requirements for the emission statement programs discussed in this document, entitled "Guidance on the Implementation of an Emission Statement Program" (July, 1992). The Agency is also conducting a rulemaking process to modify 40 CFR part 40 to reflect the requirements of the emission statement program.

Section 182 of the Act sets out a graduated control program for ozone nonattainment areas. Section 182(a) sets out requirements applicable in Marginal nonattainment areas, which are also made applicable in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) to all other ozone nonattainment areas. Among the requirements in section 182(a) is a program in paragraph (3) of that subsection for stationary sources to prepare and submit to the state each year emission statements showing actual emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) and nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>). This paragraph provides that the states are to submit a revision to their state implementation plans (SIPs) by November 15, 1992 establishing this emission statement program.

The CAA requires facilities to submit the first emission statement to the state within three years after November 15,